



User Manual For Surface Mount Chip Component Test Fixture -- Shunt-Thru Configuration

Test Fixture Overview

Surface Mount chip capacitors (single or multi-layered), inductors or resistors can be measured on Inter-Continental Microwave's (ICM) Surface Mount Chip Component Test Fixture. The Test Fixture is designed as a solution for making measurements in a Shunt-Thru test configuration. Standard testing material is 25 mil Alumina microstrip. Adjustable guides on the fixture ensure accurate and repeatable placement of the chip. De-embedding with TRL / LRM or TOSL Calibration Standards removes the effect of the test fixture from your measurements. For custom sized devices, please contact the factory.

Electrical Specifications

SPECIFICATIONS: For Surface Mount Chip Component Test Fixtures: (25 mil Alumina Substrate)			
Type of RF Connector on Bolt-On Transition:	APC-7	APC-3.5mm (f)	Super SMA
Frequency Range:	DC - 18 GHz	DC - 26.5 GHz	DC - 26.5 GHz
Insertion Loss (each Transition): Uncalibrated	< 0.5 dB	< 0.5 dB	< 0.5 dB
Return Loss (each Transition): Uncalibrated	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Isolation: Uncalibrated, Typ. @ 18 GHz	> 30 dB	> 30 dB	> 30 dB
Temperature Range:	Room Temp (25 °C)	Room Temp (25 °C)	-55 °C to +125 °C

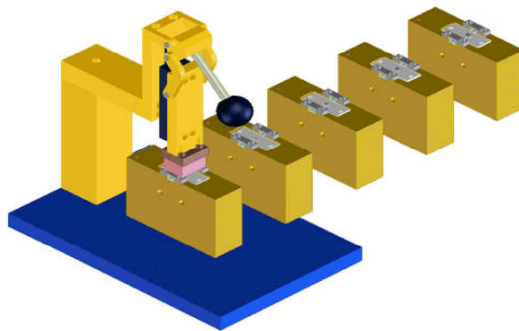
Configuring Fixture for Specific Component Size

When configuring the Test Fixture for a Specific Component Size (such as an 0805) follow installation below:

- [Select and install the correct Midsection Assembly](#) (ex: 0805 size)

After doing each of these steps you are ready to begin [testing](#) your components!

Choosing Midsection Assembly for Specific Component Size



When testing a new specific component size, you need to select the correct corresponding Midsection Assembly. This insures that the component will make contact at the correct areas on the microstrip line and the ground pad. If this is not accomplished, you will have anomalies in your data due to incorrect spacing between the ground and RF signals on the device.

After you have selected the correct Midsection you need to disassemble the fixture and replace the Midsection Assembly that is currently in there. There are 4-40 screws that hold the Midsection Assembly in place in the Test Fixture. Simply remove the screws and take the Midsection Assembly off the fixture. Take the Midsection Assembly currently in the fixture and place it in the provided case for safe keeping. Align the new Midsection Assembly in the Test Fixture. There is a red dot in one corner of the Midsection. This corner goes toward the back-left corner of the test fixture. Losely tighten the screws on the bottom plate and make sure the dielectric pusher will make contact in the correct location on the substrate of the Midsection. Once this is accomplished you can tighten the screws.

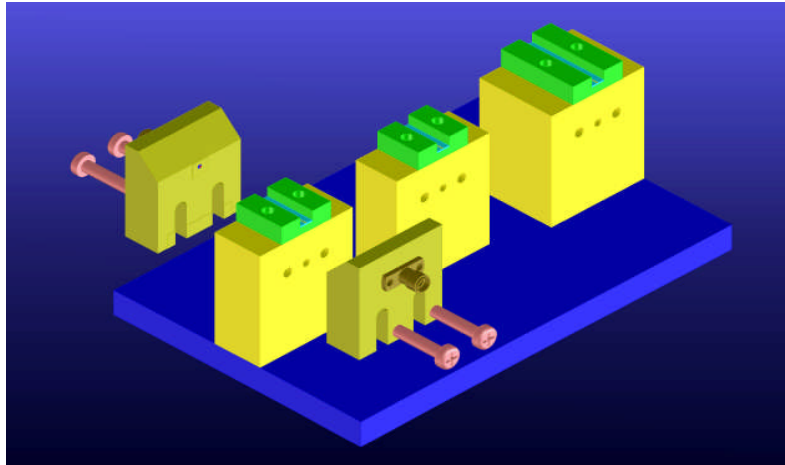
Testing Components

Testing components with this test fixture is a simple and straight forward manner. After installing the correct Midsection Assembly on the fixture you are ready to test your components.

Simply place your component into the test fixture, using the guides as alignment tools. There should be very little slop in the placement of the device in order to insure accurate and repeatable testing. After the device is properly seated in the fixture, activate the press handle to move the dielectric pusher down onto the device. This spring loaded pusher should come down and push onto the component to hold it in place with a consistent amount of pressure. The device is now in place, and ready for whatever electrical test you need to run. When finished with the test, raise the pusher up with the handle, and remove the device, and then repeat the above steps.

Calibration Procedure For Shunt-Thru Test Fixture Using Series 2000 Calibration Kits

The first step in Calibrating the Test Fixture is to remove the transitions from the Test Fixture. For the Shunt-Thru Test Fixture calibration there are no special steps from the normal Bolt-On Transition Calibration. Just follow the steps outlined below. If you have any questions please [contact ICM](#).



First, you need to connect the cables from the Network Analyzer to the Transition Assemblies and install the [Calibration Coefficients](#) into the Analyzer. After connecting the cables to the Transition Assemblies you do NOT want to unattached the cables until after the testing is completed in order to ensure a consistent calibration. If the cables are removed, the calibration procedure must be redone in order to ensure that the Transitions are accurately calibrated.

Turn off the calibration if one is on; set frequency, power level, attenuation, and other variables as required. Delete "cal set" if necessary.

If you are using an HP 8510 Network Analyzer you can load the Calibration Coefficients from the supplied Disk or Tape. For the HP 8753 or HP 8720 Models you will need to enter the [coefficients](#) from the front panel.

Perform the following steps to setup the Analyzer:

- Push the **CAL** hard key
- Push the proper **CAL** soft key (CAL 1 or CAL 2)
- Press the **SET FREQ (LOW PASS)** if required
- Press the **TRL-2 PORT** soft key

Attach the Transitions to the Short Standard without disconnecting the cables from the Transitions.

Push Parameter **S₁₁** hard key.

- Push Response **AUTO** hard key
- Uncorrected **S₁₁** should be displayed
- No big discontinuities should be visible
- Push Parameter **S₂₂** hard key
- Push Response **AUTO** hard key
- Uncorrected **S₂₂** should be displayed
- Push **S₁₁ REFLECT ICM SHORT** soft key
- Push **S₂₂ REFLECT ICM SHORT** soft key

Push **ISOLATION** soft key

- Either push **OMIT ISOLATION** soft key
- or push **FWD ISOL'N ISOL'N STD** soft key and push **REV ISOL'N ISOL'N STD** soft key
- the push **ISOLATION DONE** soft key

Push **LINE ICM LINE** soft key

Remove the Transitions from the Short Standard, and move them to the Match Standard.

Push Parameter **S₁₁** hard key.

- Push Response **REF VALUE** hard key
- Push Entry **0 x 1** hard keys
- Push Response **SCALE** hard key
- Push Entry **20 x 1** hard keys
- Return Loss should be greater than 20 dB up to 2.0 GHz
- Push Parameter **S₂₂** hard key
- Push Response **REF VALUE** hard key
- Push Entry **0 x 1** hard keys
- Push Response **SCALE** hard key
- Push Entry **20 x 1** hard keys
- Return Loss should be greater than 20 dB up to 2.0 GHz

Push the **MATCH** soft key

Move the Transition Assemblies to the Line 1 Standard.

Push Parameter **S₂₁** hard key.

- Push Response **AUTO** hard key
- Uncorrected Insertion Loss should be displayed
- No big discontinuities should be visible
- Push **LINE 1** soft key

Move the Transition Assemblies to the Line 2 Standard.

Push Parameter **S₂₁** hard key.

- Push Response **AUTO** hard key
- Uncorrected Insertion Loss should be displayed
- No big discontinuities should be visible
- Push **LINE 2** soft key
- Push **LINE ICM LINE DONE** soft key

Now you need to attach the Transition Assemblies to the Thru Standard.

Now push Parameter **S₂₁** hard key.

- Push Response **AUTO** hard key
- Uncorrected insertion loss should be displayed
- No big discontinuities should be visible

- Push **THRU ICM THRU** soft key

NOTE: **DO NOT PRESS LOWBAND REFLECTION**

- Push **SAVE TRL 2 PORT** soft key

Push appropriate **CAL SET** soft key

- This will load the cal set and turn on the correction

After the Calibration is complete and the Transitions are still on the Thru Standard, turn on S_{21} . The Insertion Loss should be zero.

While still set up with the Thru Standard and S_{21} you can check the phase. It should also read zero.

When done with the Calibration, move the Transitions back to the Test Fixture. Again, do NOT remove the cables from the Transitions during this move, or the cal will be inaccurate. Make sure that the RF Pins are centered on the microstrip line and that there is enough pressure between the RF Pin and the substrate. But use caution not to damage either of these parts.

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